# Paranovelsis venezuelae sp. nov., a new species from Venezuela (Coleoptera: Dermestidae)

## Jiří HÁVA

Department of Forest Protection and Entomology,
Faculty of Forestry and Wood Sciences,
Czech University of Life Sciences,
Kamýcká 1176, CZ-165 21, Prague 6 - Suchdol, Czech Republic
e-mail: jh.dermestidae@volny.cz

Taxonomy, new species, description, Coleoptera, Dermestidae, Paranovelsis, Venezuela

Abstract. Paranovelsis venezuelae sp. nov., a new species from Venezuela is described, illustrated and compared with similar species.

#### INTRODUCTION

The *Paranovelsis* was described as a subgenus of the genus *Novelsis* by Casey (1900). Beal (1954) synonymized the subgenus with the genus *Novelsis* Casey, 1900. Mroczkowski (1968) mentioned it as a subgenus of the genus *Novelsis* and Háva (2003) mentioned it as a synonym of *Novelsis*. Based on a study of type species and other material, the author removed the subgenus from the synonymy and raised it to an independent genus including 13 species known from the Neotropical, Nearctic and Palaearctic Regions (Háva 2013).

### MATERIAL AND METHODS

The size of the beetles or of their body parts can be useful in the species recognition and thus, the following measurements were made:

total length (TL) - linear distance from anterior margin of pronotum to apex of elytra. elytral width (EW) - maximum linear transverse distance.

Abbreviation:

JHAC Jiří Háva, Private Entomological Laboratory & Collection, Únětice u Prahy, Praguewest, Czech Republic.

### **DESCRIPTION**

# Paranovelsis venezuelae sp. nov. (Figs 1-2)

Type locality. Venezuela - Cojedes prov., El Baúl, 80 km SSE from San Carks.

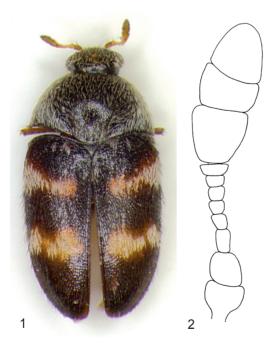
**Type material.** Holotype (♀) labelled: "Venezuela - Cojedes prov., El Baúl, 80 km SSE from San Carks, 20-30.

xi.1999, O. Šafránek lgt.". Holotype deposited in (JHAC). Abdomen is glued on the same card. The type specimen is equipped with a red, printed label bearing the text as follows: "HOLOTYPE *Paranovelsis venezuelae* sp. nov. J. Háva det. 2012".

**Description.** Female. Body (Fig. 1); measurements (mm): TL 3.30 EW 1.60; cuticle black and orange-reddish on dorsal surfaces, and black on ventral surfaces; in general large and elongate, covered with black and white recumbent pubescence. Head finely punctate, with white, recumbent pubescence. Palpi entirely brown; pubescence on mentum denser. Ocellus on frons present. Antennae, brown, 11-segmented, antennal club black, 3-segmented (Fig. 2). Pronotum finely punctate like head, covered with unicolored, white, recumbent pubescence. Scutellum triangular, finely punctate as pronotum, with black pubescence. Elytra finely punctate, on each humerus with a large bump; cuticle black, covered with black pubescence, with two broad, orange-reddish fasciae covered with white pubescence; near scutellum with a very small, circular spot with white pubescence. Epipleura black, finely punctate, covered with white pubescence. Prosternal proccess, coarsely punctured, broad and long, covered with white pubescence. Mesosternum and metasternum covered with white pubescence. Abdominal ventrites finely punctate, covered with white, recumbent pubescence. Legs brown with white pubescence; tibiae with short, brown spines.

Male unknown.

**Differential diagnosis.** The new species is similar to *Paranovelsis bitaeniatus* (Steinheil, 1869), but differs from it and other known species by the colour of elytra and structure of antennae.



Figs 1-2. Paranovelsis venezuelae sp. nov.: 1-habitus; 2- antenna of female.

## Distribution. Venezuela.

**Etymology.** Named after the name of the country, where the type material was collected.

## CHECK LIST OF NEOTROPICAL SPECIES OF PARANOVELSIS

Paranovelsis adspersus (Blanchard in Orbigny, 1843)

Bolivia

Paranovelsis bitaeniatus (Steinheil, 1869) Argentina, Brazil, Bolivia,

Chile, Paraguay, New Zea-

land (introduced)

Paranovelsis gounellei (Pic, 1915) Brazil

= Attagenus brasiliensis Pic, 1923

Paranovelsis venezuelae sp. nov. Venezuela

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS. I would like to express my thanks to O. Šafránek (Jiřetín pod Jedlovou, Czech Republic) for providing me with the interesting material and to M. Rakovič (Czech Republic) for reading the manuscript. This research was supported by the Internal Grant Agency (IGA n.20124364), Faculty of Forestry and Wood Sciences, Czech University of Life Sciences Prague.

## REFERENCES

- BEAL R. S. 1954: A revision of the species included in the genus *Novelsis* (Coleoptera: Dermestidae). *Transactions of the American Entomological Society* 80: 73-90.
- CASEY T. L. 1900: Review of the American Corylophidae, Cryptophagidae, Tritomidae and Dermestidae with other studies. *Journal New York Entomological Society* 8: 51-172.
- HÁVA J. 2003: World Catalogue of the Dermestidae (Coleoptera). *Studie a Zprávy Oblastního Muzea Praha-východ v Brandýse nad Labem a Staré Boleslavi*, Supplementum 1: 1-196.
- HÁVA J. 2013: Dermestidae, Derodontidae, Jacobsoniidae, Nosodendridae. In: ZAHRADNÍK P. & HÁVA J.: Catalogue of the world genera and subgenera of the superfamilies Derodontoidea and Bostrichoidea (Coleoptera: Derodontiformia, Bostrichiformia). *Zootaxa* (in press)
- MROCZKOWSKI M. 1968: Distribution of the Dermestidae (Coleoptera) of the world with a catalogue of all known species. *Annales Zoologici* 26: 15-191.

Received: 8.12.2012 Accepted: 10.3.2013